WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A composition for a reduced viscosity hydrophobic thickener system for thickening a polymer-containing aqueous system, said composition comprising:
 - a) a cyclodextrin-containing compound having a hydrophobic cavity of a predetermined size; and
 - a hydrophobically modified associative thickener containing at least one terminal phobe of a size capable of complexing with said hydrophobic cavity of said cyclodextrin-containing compound;

wherein at least a portion of said cyclodextrin-containing compound is complexed with said hydrophobically modified associative thickener in such a way that at least a portion of at least one of said phobes at least partially fills said hydrophobic cavity.

- 2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein said cyclodextrin-containing compound is selected from the group consisting of : alpha cyclodextrin, beta cyclodextrin, gamma cyclodextrin, ethoxylated cyclodextrin, propoxylated cyclodextrin, methyl-alpha cyclodextrin, methyl-beta cyclodextrin, and methyl-gamma cyclodextrin.
- 3. The composition according to claim 1 wherein said hydrophobically modified associative thickener of step (b) is a hydrophobically modified polyethoxylated urethane thickener which further contains at least one diisocyanate functional group having a size and configuration such that it is capable of complexing with said hydrophobic cavity of said cyclodextrin-containing compound; and

wherein said complexation occurs in such a way that at least a portion of at least one of said diisocyanate functional groups and/or at least one of said phobes at least partially fills said hydrophobic cavity.

4. A method for providing a reduced viscosity thickener system for a polymer-containing aqueous system, the method comprising:

- a) providing a cyclodextrin-containing compound having a hydrophobic cavity of a predetermined size;
- providing a hydrophobically modified associative thickener containing at least one terminal phobe of a size capable of complexing with said hydrophobic cavity of said cyclodextrin-containing compound;
- c) mixing said cyclodextrin-containing compound provided in step (a) and said hydrophobically modified associative thickener provided in step (b), such that at least a portion of said cyclodextrin-containing compound of step (a) is complexed with said hydrophobically modified associative thickener of step (b) in such a way that at least a portion of at least one of said phobes at least partially fills said cavity.
- 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said hydrophobically modified associative thickener of step (b) is a hydrophobically modified polyethoxylated urethane thickener which further contains at least one diisocyanate functional group having a size and configuration such that it is capable of complexing with said hydrophobic cavity of said cyclodextrin-containing compound;

such that said complexation occurs in such a way that at least a portion of at least one of said disocyanate functional groups and/or at least one of said phobes at least partially fills said hydrophobic cavity.

6. The method according to claim 4, wherein the closer the size of said cyclodextrin-containing compound hydrophobic cavity is to the size of said at least one terminal phobe of said hydrophobically modified associative thickener, the higher the viscosity suppression efficiency of said cyclodextrin-containing compound,

wherein said at least one terminal phobe of said hydrophobically modified associative thickener is not larger in size than said hydrophobic cavity of said cyclodextrin-containing compound.

- 7. A method for increasing the viscosity of a polymer-containing aqueous system, comprising mixing the reduced viscosity thickener system prepared according to claim 4 with:
 - a) a polymer-containing aqueous system,
 wherein said polymer is water-insoluble; and

- b) a surfactant capable of decomplexing said cyclodextrin-containing compound from said hydrophobically modified associative thickener.
- 8. A method for providing a reduced viscosity thickener system for a polymer-containing aqueous system, the method comprising:
 - a) providing methyl-α-cyclodextrin having a hydrophobic cavity;
 - b) providing a hydrophobically modified associative thickener containing at least one terminal phobe of a size capable of complexing with said hydrophobic cavity of said methyl-α-cyclodextrin;
 - c) mixing said methyl-α-cyclodextrin provided in step (a) and said hydrophobically modified associative thickener provided in step (b), such that at least a portion of said methyl-α-cyclodextrin of step (a) is complexed with said hydrophobically modified associative thickener of step (b) in such a way that at least a portion of said phobes at least partially fills said cavity.
- 9. A method for increasing the viscosity of a polymer-containing aqueous system, comprising mixing the reduced viscosity thickener system prepared according to claim 8 with:
 - a) a polymer-containing aqueous system,
 wherein said polymer is water-insoluble; and
 - b) a surfactant capable of decomplexing said methyl-α-cyclodextrin from said hydrophobically modified associative thickener.